# STATE COUNCIL OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION AND VOCATIONAL TRAINING, ODISHA TEACHING AND EVALUATION SCHEME FOR DIPLOMA IN ENGINEERING COURSES

DISCIPL	DISCIPLINE: CIVIL ENGINEERING					SEMESTER: 4 <sup>TH</sup>						
SL NO	SUBJECT	SUBJECT		PER	IODS				EVALUATION	ON SCHEME	;	
	CODE		L	T	P	S	ESSIONAL 1	EXAM	END SEM	TERM	PRACTICAL	TOTAL
						TA	CT	Total	EXAM	WORK	EXAM	MARKS
THEORY	Y								•			
1.	CET 401	ANALYSISOF	5	_		- 10	20	30	70			100
		STRUCTURE	3	_		- 10	20	30	70			100
2.	CET 402	GEOTECHNICAL	5	_		- 10	20	30	70			100
		ENGINEERING	3	_		- 10	20	30	70			100
3.	CET 403	IRRIGATION	4	_		- 10	20	30	70			100
		ENGINEERING	-	_		10	20	30	70			100
4.	CET 404	WATER SUPPLY										
		& WASTE	4	_		- 10	20	30	70			100
		WATER				10	20	30	, 0			100
		ENGINEERING										
5.	CET 405	ESTIMATION &										
		COST	4	-		- 10	20	30	70			100
		EVALUATION-I										
	RACTICAL/TI			_	,		ı			1		T
6.	CEP 401	CONSTRUCTION	-	-	6							
		WORKS								50	50	100
		PRACTICE										
7.	CEP 402	ESTIMATING	-	-	5							
		PRACTICE-I								50		50
		(COMPUTER-										
		AIDED)										
8.	CEP 403	CIVIL ENGG.	-	-	6				50	50		100
		DRAWING-II*									_	
Gl	RAND TOTAL	1	22		17	50	100	150	400	150	50	750

Total Contact hours per week: 39

Abbreviations: L-Lecture, T-Tutorial, P-Practical, TA- Teacher's Assignment, CT- Class test

Minimum Pass Mark in each Theory Subject is 35% and in Practical subject is 50%

\* Minimum pass mark in End Sem Exam is 35% & that in term work is 50%

\*End Examination of Civil Engineering Drawing-II will be conducted for a time duration of two hours with question supplied by the SCTE&VT and evaluation will also be done by SCTE&VT, Odisha.

# **ANALYSIS OF STRUCTURE**

Name of the Course: Diploma in Civil Engineering						
Course code:	CET 401	Semester	$4^{th}$			
Total Period:	75(60L+15T)	Examination	3 hrs			
Theory periods:	4P/week	Class Test:	20			
Tutorial:	1P/week	Teacher's Assessment:	10			
Maximum marks:	100	End Semester Examination:	70			

Chapter	Nam	e of topics	Hours
	1.0	TRUSSES AND FRAMES	
1		1.1 Introduction –Types of trusses and frames, statically determinate and indeterminate trusses and frames, degree of indeterminacy, concept of stable and unstable structure, import, important uses of trusses and frames	06
		1.2 Analysis of trusses: a) Analytical method ( Method of joints, method of Section)	
		b) Graphical Method (Space Diagram, load diagram, Bow's notation, Vector Diagram, Polar diagram, Funicular Polygon, Maxwel's Diagram)	
	2.0	SLOPE AND DEFLECTION	
		2.1 Introduction: Shape and nature of elastic curve (deflection curve); Relationship between slope, deflection and curvature, Importance of slope and deflection.	
2		2.2 Slope and deflection of cantilever and simply supported beams under concentrated and uniformly distributed load (by Double Integration method, Macaulay's method).	10
		2.3 Slope and deflection of propped cantilever from principle of superposition.	12
		2.4 Moment Area Method – Derivation of moment area theorems for slope and deflection, Determination of slope and deflection for following cases i) Cantilever beam subjected to point load and uniformly distributed loads, ii) Simple supported beam subjected to point load and uniformly distributed loads.	
3	3.0	Fixed Beam 3.1 Advantages of fixed beam, Analysis of Fixed Beam-Determination	08
		of Fixed End Moments. Bending Moment & Shear Force diagram under point load and uniformly distributed load.	00
4	4.0	4.1 Analysis of continuous beam (without sinking of support) by application of Three Moment Equation for simply supported ends, fixed end and overhangs under action of point load and u.d.l. Bending Moment and Shear Force diagram for the above cases.	10
	5.0	MOMENT DISTRIBUTION METHOD FOR INDETERMINATE	
	STR	UCTURES	
5		5.1 Sign convention, carry over factor, stiffness factor, distribution factors, its application for the analysis of various types of continuous beams with simply supported ends, fixed ends and overhang, symmetrical portal frame (without sway). Bending Moment and Shear Force diagram for the above cases.	10
	6.0	COLUMNS AND STRUTS	
6		6.1 Columns and Struts – Definition – Short and Long columns – End conditions – Equivalent length / Effective length – Slenderness ratio – Axially loaded short column - Axially loaded long column – Euler's theory of long columns – Derivation of expression for Critical load of	10

		Columns with hinged ends – Expressions for other standard cases of end conditions (separate derivations not required) – Numerical Problems	
	7.0	ARCHES:	
7		7.1 Types of arches, practical applications. Analysis of symmetrical three hinged parabolic arch subjected to point load and u.d.l. Bending Moment and Shear Force diagram for the above cases.	04

Learnin	ning Resources							
Text Books								
Sl. No	Name of Authors	Titles of Book	Name of Publisher					
1	R.S.Khurmi	Theory of structure						
2	S.S. Bhavikatti	Structural Analysis I						
3	S.Rammrutham,	Theory of structure						
4	V.N.Vazirani & M.M.	Analysis of Structures-Vol.I&II -						
	Rathwani							
5	Timeshenko and Young.	Theory of structure						
6	C.K Wang.	Intermediate Structural Analysis						
7	C.S.Reddy.	Basic Structural Analysis						

# **GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING**

Name of the Course: Diploma in Civil Engineering						
Course code:	CET 402	Semester	4 <sup>th</sup>			
Total Period:	75(60L+15T)	Examination	3 hrs			
Theory periods:	4P/week	Class Test:	20			
Tutorial:	1P/week	Teacher's Assessment:	10			
Maximum marks:	100	End Semester Examination:	70			

Chapter	Name of topic	cs	Hour
	1.0-INTROD	UCTION	
1	1.1-	Soil and Soil Engineering.	01
	1.2-	Scope of Soil Mechanics.	
	2.0- PRELIM	INARY DEFINITIONS AND RELATIONSHIP.	
	2.1-	Soil as a three Phase system.	
2	2.2-	Weight volume relationships: Water Content, Density, Specific gravity, Voids ratio, Porosity, Percentage of air voids, air content, degree of saturation, density Index, Bulk/Saturated/dry/submerged density.	06
	3.0- DETI	ERMINATION OF INDEX PROPERTIES.	
	3.1-	Water Content (Pycnometer method, Oven drying method)	
	3.2-	Specific Gravity	
3	3.3-	Particle size distribution, Sieve analysis, Wet mechanical analysis- Pipette	04
•	3.3-	method, Basic concept of Hydrometer Analysis	04
	3.4 –	Consistency of Soils, Atterberg's Limits, Plasticity Index, Consistency	
	3.4	Index, Liquidity Index	
	40. CLASSI	FICATION OF SOIL.	
	4.1-	General.	
	4.2-	Particle size Distribution.	
4		-Textural Classification.	06
		-HRB Classification.	
		-Unified Soil Classifications.	
		- I.S. Classification.	
	5.0- PERME	ABILITY AND SEEPAGE	
	5.1-	Concept of Permeability, Darcy's Law, Co-efficient of	
		Permeability,	
5	5.2-	Factors affecting Permeability.	07
	5.3-	Constant head permeability and falling head permeability Test.	
	5.4-	Seepage pressure, the phenomenon of quick sand	
	5.5-	Concept of flow-net, Properties and application of flow-net.	
		CTION AND CONSOLIDATION.	
	6.1-	Compaction, Light and heavy compaction Test, Optimum Moisture	
		Content of Soil, Maximum dry density, Zero air void line	
	6.2-	Factors affecting Compaction.	
•	6.3-	Field compaction methods and their suitability.	
6	6.4-	Consolidation, distinction between compaction and consolidation.	08
	6.5-	Spring Analogy method, Pressure-void ratio curve, normally consolidated,	
		under consolidated and over consolidated soil, Assumption of Terzaghi's	
		theory of one-dimensional consolidation, Laboratory Consolidation Test,	
		Co-efficient of Consolidation, Time Factor, Estimation of consolidation	
	70 CHEAD	settlement, Difference between primary and secondary consolidation	
	7. <b>0- SHEAK</b> 7.1-	STRENGTH.  Concept of sheer strength Mohr Coulomb feilure theory Cohesion	
7	/.1-	Concept of shear strength, Mohr- Coulomb failure theory, Cohesion, Angle of internal friction, strength envelope for different type of soil,	06
	7.2-	Measurement of shear strength; Direct shear test, triaxial shear test,	

	unconfined compression test and vane-shear test	
	8.0- EARTH PRESSURE ON RETAINING STRUCTURES.	
	8.1- Active earth pressure, Passive earth pressure, Earth pressure at	
	rest.	
8	8.2- Use of Rankine's formula for the following cases (cohesion-less	08
	soil only)	
	(i) Backfill with no surcharge, (ii) backfill with uniform surcharge.	
	iii) submerged backfill	
	9.0- FOUNDATION ENGINEERING.	
	9.1- Functions of foundations, shallow and deep foundation, different type of	
	shallow and deep foundations with sketches. Types of failure (General	
	shear, Local shear & punching shear)	
	9.2- Bearing capacity of soil, bearing capacity of soils using Terzaghi's	
9	formulae & IS Code formulae for strip, Circular and square footings.	14
	9.3 Machine Foundation: Introduction to Soil dynamics, Terms associated	
	with soil dynamics, Free vibration and Forced vibration, Natural	
	frequency, Types of machines and machine foundation, General	
	requirements, Design of machine foundations: Reciprocating type,	
	Centrifugal type, Impact type, Isolation of foundations.	

Learnin	g Resources		
Text Bo	oks		
Sl. No	Name of Authors	Titles of Book	Name of Publisher
1	Braja M. Das	Principles of Geotechnical Engineering	
2	T.N.Ramamurthy&T.G.Sitaram	Geotechnical Engineering	
3	Dr. B.C.Punmia	Soil Mechanics & Foundation Engineering	
4	Dr. K.R.Arora	Soil Mechanics& Foundation Engineering	
5	Dr. V.N.S. Murthy	Soil Mechanics& Foundation Engineering, Vol-I	
6	Braja M. Das	Principle of Foundation Engineering	
7	Gulhati & Dutta	Geotechnical Engineering	
8	Ranjan Gopal & A. S. R. Rao	Basic And Applied Soil Mechanics	

# **IRRIGATION ENGINEERING**

Name of the Course: Diploma in Civil Engineering						
Course code:	CET 403	Semester	$4^{th}$			
Total Period:	60(60L)	Examination	3 hrs			
Theory periods:	4P/week	Class Test:	20			
Tutorial:		Teacher's Assessment:	10			
Maximum marks:	100	End Semester Examination:	70			

Chapter	Name	of topics	Н	Hours
	1.0	INTRODUCTION:		
		1.1 History of development of irrigation	in India	
1		1.2 Types of irrigation		03
		1.3 Sources of irrigation water		
	2.0	HYDROLOGY		
		2.1 Hydrology Cycle		
		2.2 Rainfall: types, intensity, hyetograph		
2		2.3 Estimation of rainfall, rain gauges, ty		08
_		2.4 Concept of catchment area, types, i by Dicken's and Ryve's formulae	run-off, estimation of flood discharge	00
		2.5 Concepts of Hydrograph, definition	and explanation, unit hydrograph	
	3.0	WATER REQUIREMENT OF CROPS		
		3.1 Crop season		
		3.2 Duty, Delta and base Period, their re	-	
3		3.3 Gross command area, culturable co irrigable area	ommand area, Intensity of Irrigation,	08
		3.4 Field capacity, Permanent wilting po	oint, frequency of irrigation	
	4.0	FLOW IRRIGATION		
		4.1 Irrigation canals		
		4.2 Perennial irrigation		
4		4.3 Different components of irrigation ca		05
		4.4 Sketches of different canal cross-sec		
		4.5 Classification of canals according to	_	
		Various types of canal lining – Advantages a	and disadvantages	
	5.0	WATER LOGGING AND DRAINAGE:		
5		5.1 Causes and effects of water logging,	detection, prevention and remedies	03
	6.0	DIVERSION HEAD WORKS AND REG		
		6.1 Necessity and objectives of diversion		
		6.2 General layout, functions of differen		
		6.3 Difference between weir and barrage	=	
6		6.4 Functions of regulatory structures		04
U		6.5 Cross and Head regulators		06
		6.6 Falls		
		6.7 Energy dissipaters		
		6.8 Outlets – different types		
		6.9 Escapes		
7	7.0	CROSS DRAINAGE WORKS:		05

		<ul> <li>7.1 Functions and necessity of Cross drainage works - aqueduct, siphon, super-passage, level crossing, inlet and outlet</li> <li>7.2 Details of each with help of neat sketch</li> </ul>	
8	8.0	<ul> <li>Necessity of storage reservoirs, types of dams</li> <li>Earthen dams: types, description, causes of failure and protection measures.</li> <li>Gravity dam- types, description, Causes of failure and protection measures.</li> </ul>	10
		8.4 Spillways- types, description, Causes of failure and protection measures.	
9	9.0	<ul> <li>GROUND WATER HYDROLOGY:</li> <li>9.1 Introduction, occurrence and quantity of ground water, explanation of terms- water table, aquifer- confined and unconfined aquifers, aquiclude, radius of influence, depression head, cone of depression etc</li> <li>9.2 Types of wells – shallow and deep well, construction of open wells and tube wells, Yield of an open well</li> <li>9.3 Types of tube wells, methods of construction of tube wells, boring, installation of well assembly, development of well, pump selection, installation and maintenance.</li> </ul>	12

Learnin	ng Resources		
Text Bo	ooks		
Sl. No	Name of Authors	Titles of Book	Name of Publisher
1	S.K.Garg	Irrigation Engineering & Hydraulics Structures	
2	Dr. B.C.Punmia,	Introductory Irrigation Engineering	
3	N.N.Basak.	Irrigation Engineering	
4	Bharat Singh.	Fundamentals of Irrigation Engineering	
5	R.K.Sharma&T.K.Sharma	Irrigation Engineering	
6	Das and Saikia	Irrigation & Water Power Engineering	

# WATER SUPPLY AND WASTE WATER ENGINEERING

Name of the Course: Diploma in Civil Engineering				
Course code:	CET 404	Semester	4 <sup>th</sup>	
Total Period:	60(60L)	Examination	3 hrs	
Theory periods:	4P/week	Class Test:	20	
Tutorial:		Teacher's Assessment:	10	
Maximum marks:	100	End Semester Examination:	70	

Chapter	pter Name of topics			
		A:WATER SUPPLY		
	1.0	INTRODUCTION:		
1	1.0	1.1 Necessity of treated water supply	01	
		1.2 Historical development	-	
	2.0	QUANTITY OF WATER		
		2.1 Water requirements for different uses		
•		2.2 Per capita demand, variation in demand and factors affecting demand		
2		2.3 Methods of forecasting population, Numerical problems using different	02	
		methods		
	3.0	SOURCES OF WATER;		
		3.1 Surface sources – Lake, stream, river and impounded reservoir		
		3.2 Underground sources – aquifer type & occurrence – Infiltration gallery,		
		infiltration well, springs, well – types, suitability		
3		3.3 Yield from well- method s of determination, Numerical problems using yield	01	
		formulae ( deduction excluded)		
		3.4 Sinking of wells, Well components, Well development		
		3.5 Sanitary protection of wells and maintenance of well		
		3.6 Well pumps – type, selection, installation		
	4.0	CONVEYANCE OF WATER:		
		4.1 Intakes – types, description of river intake, reservoir intake, canal intake		
		4.2 Pumps for conveyance & distribution – types, selection, installation, most		
		economic diameter of pumping main 4.3 Pipe materials – necessity, suitability, merits & demerits of each type,		
4		4.3 Pipe materials – necessity, suitability, merits & demerits of each type, selection of pipe material	02	
7		4.4 Pipe joints – necessity, types of joints, suitability, methods of jointing	02	
		[Note: Detailed study covered under practical, hence students may be		
		asked to prepare detailed sketches as home assignment ]		
		4.5 Laying of pipes – method, testing		
		4.6 Pipe corrosion – cause and remedies		
	5 Q	DUALITY OF WATER:		
		5.1 Impurities in water – organic and inorganic, classification		
		5.2 Harmful effects of impurities		
5		5.3 Analysis of water – sampling and tests for physical, chemical and	03	
		bacteriological quality, significance of tests (detailed methods of tests will be		
		discussed in laboratory class )		
		5.4 Water quality standards for different uses		
	6 T	REATMENT OF WATER:		
_		Note: 1. Design of treatment units excluded.		
6		2. Students may be asked to prepare detailed sketches of units, preferably	12	
		from working drawing, as home assignment		
		3. Field visit to treatment plant, under practical should arranged after		

	covering this unit	
	covering this unit.	
	6.1 Flow diagram of conventional water treatment system	
	6.2 Treatment process / units: 6.2.1 Aeration; Necessity, types of aerators, essential features 6.2.2 Plain Sedimentation: Necessity, working principles, Sedimentation tanks – types, essential features, operation & maintenance	
	6.2.3 Sedimentation with coagulation: Necessity, principles of coagulation, types of coagulants, determination of coagulant dose (procedure of jar test to be covered under practical)	
	<ul> <li>Flash Mixer – types, essential features, operation</li> <li>Flocculators - types, essential features, operation &amp; maintenance</li> <li>Clarifier - types, essential features, operation &amp;</li> </ul>	
	maintenance	
	<ul> <li>6.2.4 Filtration: Necessity, principles, types of filters</li> <li>Slow Sand Filter - essential features, operation, clearing &amp; maintenance</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Rapid Sand Filter - essential features, operation, clearing &amp; maintenance, comparison with slow sand filter, description &amp; working of operating accessories – rate controller, head – loss gauge etc., Filter operational troubles &amp; remedies</li> <li>Pressure Filter - essential features, operation, &amp;</li> </ul>	
	maintenance, suitability of use 6.2.5 Disinfection: Necessity, methods of disinfection, types of chemical disinfectants, criterion for ideal disinfectants	
	Chlorination – free and combined chlorine demand, available chlorine, residual chlorine, pre-chlorination, break point chlorination, super- chlorination, determination of chlorine dose (testing procedure to be covered under practical), chlorinators – types, feeding  6.2.6 Miscellaneous treatment methods:	
	<ul> <li>Removal of iron &amp; manganese – Necessity, working principles</li> <li>Softening of water – Necessity, Methods of softening –</li> </ul>	
	Lime soda process, Ion exchange method, working principles	
	Removal of arsenic & fluoride – Necessity, working principles	
	6.3 Chemicals required in various treatment units, their uses and feeding devices 6.4 Determination of dosage of chemical requirement for coagulation, chlorination, (jar test, Residual chlorine test to be discussed in	
	laboratory), softening, numerical problems on dosage calculation.  7 DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM:	
	7.3 General requirements, types of distribution system-gravity, direct and combined	
	<ul> <li>7.1 Methods of supply – intermittent and continuous</li> <li>7.2 Maintenance of required pressure in distribution system head loss in system,</li> </ul>	
7	7.2 Maintenance of required pressure in distribution system head loss in system, Calculation of sixe of pipes – application of Hazen – William's formula, numerical problems on determination of size of pipes	06
,	7.3 Storage – necessity, types – underground, ground level, overhead reservoirs, suitability, accessories	00
	<ul> <li>7.4 Distribution system layout – types, comparison, suitability</li> <li>7.5 Loss and wastage – cause, detection, remedial measure</li> </ul>	
8	8 APPURTENANCE IN DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM: 8.1 Valves-types, features, uses, purpose-sluice valves, check valves, air	04
	2.2	

	valves	s, scour valves	
	8.2	Fire hydrants	
	8.3	Water meters – types, uses, fixing [Note: detailed study covered under practical. Students may be asked to prepare sketches as home assignment]	
	9 W/S PLU	MBING IN BUILDING:	
	9.1	Method of connection from water mains to building supply	
	9.2	General layout of plumbing arrangement for water supply in single storied	
9	and m	nulti-storied building as per I.S. code.	03
	9.3	Water supply fittings-features, uses, purpose, fixing and jointing	
	9.4	Hot water supply – Electric water supply, Solar water heater features,	
	fitting	s and fixing	
	40 7777700	B:SANITARY ENGINEERING	
	10 INTROD		
10	10.1	Aims and objectives of sanitary engineering	
10	10.2	Definition of terms related to sanitary engineering	01
	10.3	Systems of collection of wastes– Conservancy and Water Carriage System –	
		features, comparison, suitability	
	11 OUANTI	TY OF SEWAGE :	
	11.1	Quantity of sanitary sewage – domestic & industrial sewage, variation in	
11		sewage flow, numerical problem on computation quantity of sanitary	
11		sewage, Storm water flow-rational method of computation of flow	02
	11.2	Computation of size of sewer, application of Chazy's formula, Limiting	
		velocities of flow: self-cleaning and scouring	
	12 CEWAD	AGE SYSTEM :	
	12 SEWARA 12.1	Types of system-separate, combined, partially separate, features,	
	12.1	comparison between the types, suitability	
	12.2	Shapes of sewer – rectangular, circular, avoid-features, suitability	
	12.3	Sewer materials-features, suitability, handing & maintenance –	
12		stoneware, cast iron, cement concrete, asbestos cement, precast &	01
		cast in situ sewer	VI
	12.4	Laying of sewer-setting out sewer alignment, excavation and	
		supporting, checking the gradient, preparation of bedding, handling,	
		lowering, laying and jointing, testing of sewer, backfilling, ventilation of sewer, cleaning	
		ventuation of sewer, eleaning	
		APPURTENANCES;	
	13.1	Manholes and Lamp holes – types, features, location, function, construction	
	13.2	Inlets, Grease & oil trap – features, location, function, construction	
13	13.3	Storm regulator, inverted siphon - features, location, function,	02
		construction	
	13.4	Sewage Pumping – necessity, ejectors, location, components of	
		pumping station, types of pumps and selection.	
	14 CENTACE	E CHADACTEDSTICS.	
	14 SEWAGI	E <b>CHARACTERSTICS</b> :  General importance, strength of sewage, Characteristics of sewage-physical,	
	14.1	chemical & biological	
	14.2	Analysis of sewage-sampling, tests for – solids, pH, dissolved oxygen,	
14		BOD, COD, Nitrogen(Detailed methods of tests to be discussed in	01
		laboratory)	01
	14.3	Significance of parameters	
	14.4	Bacteriology of sewage-decomposition cycles of sewage – aerobic & an-	
		aerobic – C, N, S cycle	
15	15 CENTACI	E DISPOSAL :	

		sewage sickness-causes and remedies	
	15.2	Disposal by dilution – standards for disposal in different types of water bodies, self purification of stream	
	16 SEWAGE	TREATMENT:	
	(Note:	1.Design of treatment units excluded.	
		2.Students may be asked to prepare detailed sketches of units, preferably	
		from working drawing, as home assignment.	
		3. Field visit to treatment plant, under practical should be arranged after	
	coverin	g this unit.)	
	16.1	Principles of treatment, flow diagram of conventional treatment	
16	16.2	Primary treatment – necessity, principles, essential features, functions, operation and maintenance of different units – Screens and racks, Grit chamber, primary sedimentation tank	10
	16.3	Secondary treatment – necessity, principles, essential features, functions, operation and maintenance of different units – contact bed, tricking filter, activated sludge process, aerated lagoon, oxidation ditch, rotating biological disc	
	16.4	Sludge disposal – sludge digestion - necessity, principles, essential features, operation, construction of sludge digesters, disposal of digested sludge	
	16.5	Isolated treatment units – features, principles, operation, construction, maintenance of septic tank and soak pit/soak trench, design of septic tank according to I.S. code; oxidation pond – principles & essential features	
	17 SANITAR	Y PLUMBING FOR BUILDING :	
	17.1	Requirements of building drainage, layout of lavatory blocks in residential buildings, layout of building drainage	
17	17.2	Plumbing arrangement of single storied & multi storied building as per I.S. code practice	0.5
		Sanitary fixtures – features, function, and maintenance and fixing of the fixtures – water closets, flushing cisterns, urinals, inspection chambers, traps, anti-syphonage pipe	0.
	17.4	Inspection, testing and maintenance of sanitary fixtures	
	18 RURAL W	ATER SUPPLY & SANITATION:	
	18.1	Spring water source – development, sanitary protection, Maintenance	
18	18.2	Roof top rain water harvesting – techniques, elementary Treatment, storage, maintenance	02
	18.3	Single pit & two pit latrine – features, construction, Maintenance, disposal of sludge	

Learnin	Learning Resources					
Text Bo	oks					
Sl. No	Name of Authors	Titles of Book	Name of Publisher			
1	G.S.Birdie	Text book on water supply and				
		sanitary engineering				
2	K.N.Duggal	Elements of Environmental				
		Engineering				
3	N.N Basak	Environmental Engineering				
4	A.K. Chatterjee	Environmental Engineering				
5	S.K.Garg	Water Supply Engineering				
6	S.K.Garg	Waste Water Disposal Engg.				
7	S.K.Hussain	Public Health Engg.				

8	by Ministry of Urb	n CPHEEO manual Water supply	
	Development,Govt.	of	
	India.		
9	by Ministry of Urb	n   CPHEC Mannual- Sewage &	
	Development,Govt.	of Sewage Treatment - by Ministry of	
	India.	Urban Development, Govt. of India.	

# **ESTIMATING & COST EVALUATION – I**

Name of the Course: Diploma in Civil Engineering				
Course code:	CET 405	Semester	4 <sup>th</sup>	
Total Period:	60(60L)	Examination	3 hrs	
Theory periods:	4P/week	Class Test:	20	
Tutorial:		Teacher's Assessment:	10	
Maximum marks:	100	End Semester Examination:	70	

Chapter	Name	of topics	Hours
1	1.0	<ul> <li>INTRODUCTION:</li> <li>1.1 Types of estimates – Plinth area, floor area / carpet area</li> <li>1.2 Units and modes of measurements as per IS 1200</li> <li>1.3 Accuracy of measurement for different item of work</li> </ul>	02
2	2.0	<ul> <li>QUANTITY ESTIMATE OF BUILDING</li> <li>2.1 Short wall long wall method and centre line method, deductions in masonry, plastering, white washing, painting etc., multiplying factor (paint coefficients) for painting of doors and windows (paneled/glazed) grills etc. as per OPWD scheduled of rates.</li> <li>2.2 Detailed estimate of single storied flat roof building with shallow foundation and RCC roof slab with leak proof treatment over it including staircase and mumty room.</li> <li>2.3 Detailed estimate of a simple inclined roof building with gabled / hipped roof and A.C. sheet / G.C.I. sheet roofing.</li> </ul>	36
3	3.0	ANALYSIS OF RATES AS PER OPWD SPECIFICATIONS / STANDARDS 3.1 Analysis of rates for cement concrete, brick masonry in Cement Mortar laterite stone masonry in Cement Mortar, cement plaster, white washing Artificial Stone flooring, concrete flooring, R.C.C. with centering and shuttering, reinforcing steel, Painting of doors and windows etc. 3.2 Calculation of lead, lift, conveyance charges, royalty of materials, etc. as per Orissa P.W.D. system 3.3 Abstract of cost of estimate.	20
4	4.0	ADMINISTRATIVE SET-UP OF ENGINEERING ORGANISATIONS: 4.1 Administrative set-up and hierarchy of Engineering Deptt. Duties or responsibilities of Engineers at different positions /levels	f <b>02</b>

Learnin	Learning Resources					
Text Bo	oks					
Sl. No	Name of Authors	Titles of Book	Name of Publisher			
1	M.Chakraborty.	Estimating, Costing, specification &Valuation in Civil Engineering				
2	D.Kohli &R.C Kohli	A text Book of Estimating & Costing				
3	B.N.Dutta	Estimating &Costing				
4	Birdi &Ahuja	Estimating &Costing				
5		Latest Orissa PWD Schedule of Rates & Analysis of rates				

### **CONSTRUCTION WORKS PRACTICE**

Name of the Course: Diploma in Civil Engineering					
Course code:	CEP 401	Semester	4 <sup>th</sup>		
Total Period:	90	Examination	4 hrs		
Lab. periods:	6P/week	Term Work	50		
Maximum marks:	100	End Semester Examination:	50		

- 1.0 Study of tools required for construction of masonry.
- 2.0 Lay out Plan of a building.
- 2.1 Construction of 1 &1 ½ Brick thick walls in English Bond in Mud mortar including a corner.
- 3.0 Construction of 1 &1 ½ Brick thick Pillar in Mud mortar.
- 4.0 Fabrication of timber or steel formwork for a beam.
- 5.0 Fabrication of timber or steel formwork for a slab.
- 6.0 Fabrication of timber or steel formwork for a Column.
- 7.0 Bar bending and fabrication of reinforcements for a beam.
- 8.0 Bar bending and fabrication of reinforcements for a slab.
- 9.0 Bar bending and fabrication of reinforcements for a lintel with chajja & column.
- 10.0 Bar bending and fabrication of reinforcements for a column.
- 11.0 Conducting a Non destructive compressive strength test on concrete beam using rebound Hammer as per I.S:1311(Part-2)-1992.
- 12.0 Study of Pipe Joints and Plumbing fixtures.
- 13.0 Study of Toposheets
- 14.0 Field visits.

Visit to a construction site of a building where the following works are in progress.

a) Excavation of foundation b)Masonry works c)White washing d)Painting(interior exterior), e)Wood works f)Fabrication& concreting works, g)Flooring

#### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS**:

1. Building Construction -S.C.Rangawala.

2. A text book of Building Construction -Gupta, Susil Kumar, Singia, D.R., and Juneja.

3. A text book of Building Construction -R.S Despande and G.V. Vartak.

4. A text book of Building Construction -S.P.Arora and S.P.Bindra.

5. Building Construction -Susil Kumar.

6. Hand Book on Reinforcement Detailing (SP-34) -BIS Publication

### **ESTIMATING PRACTICE-I**

Name of the Course: Diploma in Civil Engineering				
Course code:	CEP 402	Semester	4 <sup>th</sup>	
Total Period:	75	Examination		
Lab. periods:	5P/week	Term Work	50	
Maximum marks:	50	End Semester Examination:		

- 1.0 Preparation of plinth area estimate & detailed estimate for the following;  $\underline{40}$ 
  - 1.1 Single storeyed two roomed building with specification as per Orissa P.W.D. schedule of rates and analysis of rates
  - 1.2 A two storeyed pucca Building with specification as per Orissa P.W.D. schedule of rates and analysis of rates
  - 1.3 A two roomed gabled / hipped roof building on wooden king post truss with tiled/ A.C. sheet / G.C.I. Sheet roofing as per Orissa P.W.D. schedule of rates and analysis of rates
- 2.0 Analysis of rates in detail for the above items of works basing on Orissa Govt. analysis of rate with help of **MS Excel software.**

<u>15</u>

- 3.0 Calculation of dry materials for different items of building basing on Orissa Govt. analysis of rate with help of **MS Excel software**10
- 4.0 Preparation of abstract of cost and bill of quantities of the estimates as per item no. 1.0 above with help of **MS Excel software**10

#### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. Estimating, Costing, specification & Valuation in Civil Engineering

- M.Chakraborty.

2. A text Book of Estimating & Costing

-D.Kohli &RC Kohli,

3. Estimating &Costing

-B.N.Dutta.

4. Estimating &Costing

-Birdi &Ahuja.

5. Latest Orissa PWD Schedule of Rates & Analysis of rates.

#### CIVIL ENGINEERING DRAWING – II

Name of the Course: Diploma in Civil Engineering				
Course code:	CEP 403	Semester	4 <sup>th</sup>	
Total Period:	90	Examination	2 hrs	
Lab. periods:	6P/week	Term Work	50	
Maximum marks:	100	End Semester Examination:	50	

#### **COURSE CONTENT:**

#### 1.0 **Detailed drawing of culvert**

45

- 1.1 Half foundation plan and half top plan, cross sectional elevation and longitudinal section of
  - i) Hume pipe culvert with right angled wing wall (manually on drawing sheet)
  - ii) Hume pipe culvert with splayed wing wall (using AutoCAD software)
  - iii) RCC Slab Culvert with right angled wing wall (using AutoCAD software)
  - iv) RCC Slab Culvert with splayed wing wall (manually on drawing sheet)

#### 2.0 **Irrigation Structures**

35

the

- Detail drawing of a vertical drop type fall (Sarada Type) from given specifications (using 2.1 AutoCAD software)
- 2.2 Drawing of a canal siphon from given specifications (manually on drawing sheet)
- 2.3 Drawing of a siphon aqueduct from given specifications (using AutoCAD software)
- 3 Plumbing and Sanitary connections and fittings of a two roomed building (Manually on drawing sheet)

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4 Detailed drawing of septic tank up to 50 users with soak pit and necessary connection from water closet. (using AutoCAD software)

#### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. Civil Engg. Drawing

-M.Chakrobarty.

2. Civil Engineering Drawing & House Planning

-B.P.Verma.

3. A Course in Civil Engg Drawing

-VB Sikka

3. Civil Engineering drawing Manual

-TTTI.Bhopal.

4. IS: 12556-1967, 10713-1983 & I.S: 696-1972 of BIS Publication.

5. Civil Engineering drawing Manual

-V.Thanikachalan &K. V Natarajan.

6. Harnessing AutoCAD

7. Auto Cad

- Autodesk Manual

-Omura

8. AutoCAD (Architecture) 2011 -William G. Wyatt